

Continental Association (Articles of Association) TEXT

The Association being copied, was read, and signed at the table, and is as follows:

We, his Majesty's most loyal subjects, the Delegates of the several Colonies of *New-Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode-Island, Connecticut, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania*, the three Lower Counties of *New-Castle, Kent, and Sussex, on Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina*, deputed to represent them in a Continental Congress, held in the City of *Philadelphia*, on the fifth day of *September, 1774*, avowing our allegiance to his Majesty; our affection and regard for our fellow-subjects in *Great Britain* and elsewhere; affected with the deepest anxiety and most alarming apprehensions at those grievances and distresses with which his Majesty's *American* subjects are oppressed; and having taken under our most serious deliberation the state of the whole Continent, find that the present unhappy situation of our affairs is occasioned by a ruinous system of Colony Administration, adopted by the *British* Ministry about the year 1763, evidently calculated for enslaving these Colonies, and, with them, the *British* Empire. In prosecution of which system, various Acts of Parliament have been passed for raising a Revenue in *America*, for depriving the *American* subjects, in many instances, of the constitutional Trial by Jury, exposing their lives to danger by directing a new and illegal trial beyond the seas for crimes alleged to have been committed in *America*; and in prosecution of the same system, several late, cruel, and oppressive Acts have been passed respecting the Town of *Boston* and the *Massachusetts Bay*, and also an Act for extending the Province of *Quebec*, so as to border on the Western Frontiers of these Colonies, establishing an arbitrary Government therein, and discouraging the settlement of *British* subjects in that wide extended country; thus, by the influence of civil principles and ancient prejudices, to dispose the inhabitants to act with hostility against the free Protestant Colonies, whenever a wicked Ministry shall choose so to direct them.

To obtain redress of these Grievances, which threaten destruction to the Lives, Liberty, and Property of his Majesty's subjects in *North America*, we are of opinion that a Non-Importation, Non-Consumption, and Non-Exportation Agreement, faithfully adhered to, will prove the most speedy, effectual, and peaceable measure; and, therefore, we do, for ourselves, and the inhabitants of the several Colonies whom we represent, firmly agree and associate, under the sacred ties of Virtue, Honour, and Love of our Country, as follows:

1. That from and after the first day of *December* next, we will not import into *British America*, from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises whatsoever, or from any other place, any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandises as shall have been exported from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; nor will we, after that day, import any *East India* Tea from any part of the World; nor any Molasses, Syrups, Paneles, Coffee, or Pimento, from the *British Plantations* or from *Dominica*; nor Wines from *Madeira*, or the *Western Islands*; nor Foreign Indigo.

2. That we will neither import nor purchase any Slave imported after the first day of *December* next; after which time we will wholly discontinue the Slave Trade, and will neither be concerned in it ourselves, nor will we hire our vessels, nor sell our Commodities or Manufactures to those who are concerned in it.

3. As a Non-Consumption Agreement, strictly adhered to, will be an effectual security for the observation of the Non-Importation, we, as above, solemnly agree and associate, that from this day we will not purchase or use any Tea imported on account of the *East India* Company, or any on which a Duty hath been or shall be paid; and from and after the first day of March next we will not purchase or use any *East India* Tea whatsoever; nor will we, nor shall any person for or under us, purchase or use any of those Goods, Wares, or Merchandises we have agreed not to import, which we shall know, or have cause to suspect, were imported after the first day of *December*, except such as come under the rules and directions of the tenth Article hereafter mentioned.

4. The earnest desire we have not to injure our fellow-subjects in *Great Britain, Ireland, or the West Indies*, induces us to suspend a Non-Exportation until the tenth day of *September, 1775*; at which time, if the said Acts and parts of Acts of the *British* Parliament herein after mentioned, are not repealed, we will not, directly or indirectly, export any Merchandise or Commodity whatsoever to *Great Britain, Ireland, or the West Indies*, except Rice to *Europe*.

5. Such as are Merchants, and use the *British* and *Irish* Trade, will give orders as soon as possible to their Factors, Agents, and Correspondents, in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, not to ship any Goods to them, on any pretence whatsoever, as they cannot be received in *America*; and if any Merchant residing in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, shall directly or indirectly ship any Goods, Wares, or Merchandises for *America*, in order to break the said Non-

Importation Agreement, or in any manner contravene the same, on such unworthy conduct being well attested, it ought to be made publick; and, on the same being so done, we will not from thenceforth have any commercial connection with such Merchant.

6. That such as are Owners of vessels will give positive orders to their Captains, or Masters, not to receive on board their vessels any Goods prohibited by the said Non-Importation Agreement, on pain of immediate dismissal from their service.

7. We will use our utmost endeavours to improve the breed of Sheep, and increase their number to the greatest extent; and to that end, we will kill them as sparingly as may be, especially those of the most profitable kind; nor will we export any to the *West Indies* or elsewhere; and those of us who are or may become overstocked with, or can conveniently spare any Sheep, will dispose of them to our neighbours, especially to the poorer sort, upon moderate terms.

8. That we will, in our several stations, encourage Frugality, Economy, and Industry, and promote Agriculture, Arts, and the Manufactures of this Country, especially that of Wool; and will discountenance and discourage every species of extravagance and dissipation, especially all horse-racing, and all kinds of gaming, cock-fighting, exhibitions of plays, shews, and other expensive diversions and entertainments; and on the death of any relation or friend, none of us, or any of our families, will go into any further mourning-dress than a black crape or ribbon on the arm or hat for gentlemen, and a black ribbon and necklace for ladies, and we will discontinue the giving of gloves and scarfs at funerals.

9. That such as are venders of Goods or Merchandises will not take advantage of the scarcity of Goods that may be occasioned by this Association, but will sell the same at the rates we have been respectively accustomed to do for twelve months last past. And if any vender of Goods or Merchandises shall sell any such Goods on higher terms, or shall, in any manner, or by any device whatsoever, violate or depart from this Agreement, no person ought, nor will any of us deal with any such person, or his or her Factor or Agent, at any time thereafter for any commodity whatever.

10. In case any Merchant, Trader, or other person, shall import any Goods or Merchandise, after the first day of *December*, and before the first day of *February* next, the same ought forthwith, at the election of the owner, to be either re-shipped or delivered up to the Committee of the County or Town wherein they shall be imported, to be stored at the risk of the importer, until the Non-Importation Agreement shall cease, or be sold under the direction of the Committee aforesaid; and in the last mentioned case, the owner or owners of such Goods shall be reimbursed out of the sales the first cost and charges; the profit, if any, to be applied towards relieving and employing such poor inhabitants of the Town of *Boston* as are immediate sufferers by the *Boston* Port Bill; and a particular account of all Goods so returned, stored, or sold, to be inserted in the publick papers; and if any Goods or Merchandises shall be imported after the said first day of *February*, the same ought forthwith to be sent back again, without breaking any of the packages thereof.

11. That a Committee be chosen in every County, City, and Town, by those who are qualified to vote for Representatives in the Legislature, whose business it shall be attentively to observe the conduct of all persons touching this Association; and when it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of a majority of any such Committee, that any person within the limits of their appointment has violated this Association, that such majority do forthwith cause the truth of the case to be published in the Gazette, to the end that all such foes to the rights of *British America* may be publickly known, and universally contemned as the enemies of *American Liberty*; and thenceforth we respectively will break off all dealings with him or her.

12. That the Committee of Correspondence, in the respective Colonies, do frequently inspect the Entries of their Custom Houses, and inform each other, from time to time, of the true state thereof, and of every other material circumstance that may occur relative to this Association.

13. That all Manufactures of this country be sold at reasonable prices, so that no undue advantage be taken of a future scarcity of Goods.

14. And we do further agree and resolve that we will have no Trade, Commerce, Dealings, or Intercourse whatsoever with any Colony or Province in *North America*, which shall not accede to, or which shall hereafter violate this Association, but will hold them as unworthy of the rights of freemen, and as inimical to the liberties of this country.

And we do solemnly bind ourselves and our constituents, under the ties aforesaid, to adhere to this Association until such parts of the several Acts of Parliament passed since the close of the last war, as impose or continue Duties on Tea, Wine, Molasses, Syrups, Paneles, Coffee, Sugar, Pimento, Indigo, Foreign Paper, Glass, and Painters' Colours, imported into *America*, and extend the powers of the Admiralty Courts beyond their ancient limits, deprive the *American* subjects of Trial by Jury, authorize the Judge's certificate to indemnify the prosecutor from damages that he might otherwise be liable to from a trial by his peers, require oppressive security from a claimant of Ships or Goods seized, before he shall be allowed to defend his property, are repealed.—And until that part of the Act of the 12th *George* III. ch. 24, entitled "An Act for the better securing his Majesty's Dock-yards, Magazines, Ships, Ammunition, and Stores," by which any person charged with committing any of the offences therein described, in *America*, may be tried in any Shire or County within the Realm, is repealed—and until the four Acts, passed in the last session of Parliament, viz: that for stopping the Port and blocking up the Harbour of *Boston*—that for altering the Charter and Government of the *Massachusetts Bay*—and that which is entitled An Act for the better Administration of Justice, &c.—and that for extending the Limits of *Quebec*, &c., are repealed. And we recommend it to the Provincial Conventions, and to the Committees in the respective Colonies, to establish such farther Regulations as they may think proper for carrying into execution this Association.

The foregoing Association being determined upon by the Congress, was ordered to be subscribed by the several Members thereof; and thereupon, we have hereunto set our respective names accordingly.

In Congress, *Philadelphia*, October 20, 1774.

PEYTON RANDOLPH, *President*.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE, { *John Sullivan,*
Nathaniel Folsom.

MASSACHUSETTS BAY, { *Thomas Cushing,*
Samuel Adams,
John Adams,
Robert Treat Paine.

RHODE-ISLAND, { *Stephen Hopkins,*
Samuel Ward.

CONNECTICUT, { *Eliphalet Dyer,*
Roger Sherman,
Silas Deane.

NEW-YORK, { *Isaac Low,*
John Alsop,
John Jay,
James Duane,
Philip Livingston,
William Floyd,
Henry Wisner,
Simon Boerum.

NEW-JERSEY,	{ <i>James Kinsey,</i> <i>William Livingston,</i> <i>Stephen Crane,</i> <i>Richard Smith,</i> <i>John De Hart.</i>
PENNSYLVANIA,	{ <i>Joseph Galloway,</i> <i>John Dickinson,</i> <i>Charles Humphreys,</i> <i>Thomas Mifflin,</i> <i>Edward Biddle,</i> <i>John Morton,</i> <i>George Ross.</i>
<i>The Lower Counties,</i> NEW-CASTLE, &c.,	{ <i>Cæsar Rodney</i> <i>Thomas M^cKean,</i> <i>George Read.</i>
MARYLAND,	{ <i>Matthew Tilghman,</i> <i>Thomas Johnson, Junr.</i> <i>William Paca,</i> <i>Samuel Chase.</i>
VIRGINIA,	{ <i>Richard Henry Lee,</i> <i>George Washington,</i> <i>Patrick Henry, Junr.</i> <i>Richard Bland,</i> <i>Benjamin Harrison,</i> <i>Edmund Pendleton.</i>
NORTH CAROLINA,	{ <i>William Hooper,</i> <i>Joseph Hewes,</i> <i>Richard Caswell.</i>
SOUTH CAROLINA,	{ <i>Henry Middleton,</i> <i>Thomas Lynch,</i> <i>Christopher Gadsden,</i> <i>John Rutledge,</i> <i>Edward Rutledge.</i>

Ordered, That this Association be committed to the press, and that one hundred and twenty copies be struck off. The Congress then resumed the consideration of the Address to the Inhabitants of these Colonies, and after debate thereon, adjourned till to-morrow.